Flushing C of E School



Anti-Bullying Policy DRAFT

Policy monitored by	Full Governing Board
Date of adoption	October 2024
Date of review	October 2026

This policy is based on DfE guidance "Preventing and Tackling Bullying" July 2017 and supporting documents. It also considers the DfE statutory guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" 2023 and "Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and college's guidance.

This policy also follows guidance set out in 'Valuing all God's Children' November 2017. The policy also takes into account the key principles of Childnet's "Cyberbullying: Understand, Prevent and Respond: Guidance for Schools".

For any concerns around Child on Child abuse, please refer to our Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.

Policy objectives

- This policy outlines what Flushing School will do to prevent and tackle all forms of bullying.
- The policy has been adopted with the involvement of the whole school community.
- Flushing School is committed to developing an anti- bullying culture where the bullying of adults, children or young people is not tolerated in any form.

Links with other school policies and practices

This policy links with several school policies, practices and action plans including:

- Behaviour For Learning policy
- Online safety and Acceptable Use procedures
- Safeguarding policy
- Child on Child Abuse Policy

Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of:

- The Headteacher to communicate this policy to the school community, to ensure that disciplinary measures are applied fairly, consistently and reasonably.
- Governors take a lead role in monitoring and reviewing this policy.
- All staff, including: governors, senior leadership, teaching and non-teaching staff, to support, uphold and implement this policy accordingly.
- Parents/carers to support their children and work in partnership with the school.
- Pupils to abide by the policy.

Definition of bullying

Bullying is the repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face to face or online. (Definition taken from Anti-bullying Alliance)

Forms and types of bullying

Bullying can happen to anyone. This policy covers all types and forms of bullying:

- Bullying related to physical appearance
- Bullying of young carers, children in care or otherwise related to home circumstances
- Bullying related to physical/mental health conditions
- Physical, Emotional and Sexual bullying
- Bullying via technology, known as online or cyberbullying
- Bullying outside of school, for example journeys to and from school

- Prejudicial bullying (against people/pupils with protected characteristics):
 - Bullying related to race, religion, faith and belief and for those without faith
 - Bullying related to ethnicity, nationality or culture
 - Bullying related to Special Educational Needs or Disability (SEND)
 - Bullying related to sexual orientation (homophobic /biphobic bullying)
 - Gender based bullying, including transphobic bullying

Signs of Bullying

Staff should be vigilant in looking out for signs of bullying or other child protection issues including:

- Physical: unexplained bruises, scratches, cuts, missing belongings, damaged clothes or schoolwork, loss of appetite, stomach aches, headaches.
- Emotional: losing interest in school, withdrawn, secretive, unusual shows of temper, refusal to say why unhappy, high level of anxiety, mood swings, tearfulness for no reason, lack of confidence.
- Behavioural: asking to be taken to school, coming home for lunch, taking longer to get home, asks for more money, using different routes to school, 'losing' more items than usual, sudden changes in behaviour and mood, concentration difficulties, decline in attendance truancy.

School ethos

Flushing CE VC School is committed to personalised learning where every person matters, every person helps, every person succeeds so that each of us can live " life in all its fullness". (John 10:10).

The Flushing community recognises that all forms of bullying, especially if left unaddressed, can have a devastating effect on individuals; it can create a barrier to learning and have serious consequences for mental wellbeing.

By effectively preventing and tackling bullying our school can help to create a safe and disciplined environment, where pupils are able to learn and fulfil their potential.

Preventing bullying

The whole school community will:

- Create and support an inclusive environment which promotes a culture of mutual respect, consideration and care for others, which will be upheld by all.
- Recognise that bullying can be perpetrated or experienced by any member of the community, including adults and children (child on child abuse).
- Recognises the potential for children with SEN and disabilities to be disproportionally impacted by bullying and will implement additional pastoral support as required.
- Openly discuss differences between people that could motivate bullying, such as: children with different family situations, such as looked after children or those with caring responsibilities, religion, ethnicity, disability, gender, sexuality or appearance related difference.
- Challenge practice and language (including 'banter') which does not uphold the school values of tolerance, non-discrimination and respect towards others.
- Be encouraged to use technology, especially mobile phones and social media, positively and responsibly when not in school.
- Work with staff, the wider community and outside agencies to prevent and tackle concerns including all forms of prejudicedriven bullying.
- Children are taught about effective relationships through our Jigsaw PSHE program.
- Celebrate success and achievements to promote and build a positive school ethos.

Reporting Bullying

Our children are made aware that they do not 'deserve' to be bullied. They are regularly reminded that they will be supported and taken seriously if they report concerns about bullying. Staff are very experienced at observing our pupils and noticing changes in their mood, body language and behaviour which could indicate potential or actual bullying. We also have a variety of ways in which children can report bulling and ask/receive support and guidance.

- They can use peer support to help report a bullying worry
- They can speak to one of their trusted adults
- They can share their worry with their parents who can then contact the school so that support can be put in place.
- They can speak to their teacher to air & share a bullying problem.

Monitoring and review: putting policy into practise

- The school will regularly monitor and evaluate mechanisms to ensure that the policy is being consistently applied.
- Any issues identified will be incorporated into the school's action planning.
- The headteacher will be informed of bullying concerns and act, as appropriate.
- All incidences of bullying are recorded on the school reporting system MyConcern.

Appendix includes:

- 1) Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyber bullying)
- 2) Support for pupils
- 3) Involvement of pupils
- 4) Involvement and liaison with parents and carers

Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyberbullying)

The following steps may be taken when dealing with all incidents of bullying reported to the school:

- If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached or witnessed the concern.
- The school will provide appropriate pastoral support for the person being bullied making sure they are not at risk of immediate harm and will involve them in any decision-making process, as appropriate.
- The Headteacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead or another member of Senior staff will interview all parties involved.
- The DSL will be informed of all bullying issues where there are safeguarding concerns.
- The school will speak with and inform other staff members, where appropriate.
- The school will ensure parents/carers are kept informed about the concern and action taken, as appropriate and in line with child protection and confidentiality policies.
- Sanctions, as identified within the school behaviour policy, and support will be implemented in consultation with all parties concerned.
- If necessary, other agencies may be consulted or involved, such as the police, if a criminal offence has been committed, or other local services including early help or children's social care, if a child is felt to be at risk of significant harm.
- Our policy covers any inappropriate behaviour while our pupils are taking part in any school-organised or school-related activities, travelling to or from school or wearing school uniform.
- A clear and precise account of bullying incidents will be recorded by the school in accordance with existing procedures. This will include recording appropriate details regarding decisions and action taken.

Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, the school will:

- Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified.
- Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again.
- Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation.
- Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include:
 - Looking at school systems;
 - Identifying and interviewing possible witnesses;
 - Contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary.
- Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation. This may include:
 - Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to, or are unable to, delete content.
 - Confiscating and searching pupils' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and in line with the DFE Searching, screening and confiscation at school guidance and Childnet cyberbullying guidance.
 - Requesting the deletion of locally-held content and content posted online if they contravene school behavioural policies.

- Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to support a change in the attitude and behaviour of the person displaying bullying behaviours, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need.
- Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed.
- Provide information to staff and pupils regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online. This may include:
 - advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply;
 - providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists;
 - helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain.

Supporting pupils

Pupils who have been bullied will be supported by:

- Reassuring the pupil and providing continuous pastoral support
- Offering an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with their teacher, the designated safeguarding lead, or a trusted member of staff of their choice.
- The school will keep a record of the incidents as evidence and discuss how to respond to concerns and build resilience as appropriate.
- Working towards restoring self- esteem and confidence.
- Providing ongoing support; this may include: working and speaking with staff, offering formal counselling, engaging with parents and carers.
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance; this could include support through Early Help or Specialist Children's Services, or support through the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service.

Pupils who have perpetrated bullying will be helped by:

- Discussing what happened, establishing the concern and the need to change.
- Informing parents/carers to help change the attitude and behaviour of the child.
- Providing appropriate education and support regarding their behaviour or actions.
- If online, requesting that content be removed and reporting accounts/contents to service provider.
- Sanctioning, in line with school behaviour/discipline policy; this may include official warnings, school time inclusions, removal or privileges, and fixed-term or permanent exclusions.
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance; this may include involvement from the Police or referrals to Early Help, Specialist Children's Services, or the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service.

Involvement of Pupils

We will:

- Involve pupils in policy writing and decision making to ensure that they understand the school's approach and are clear about the part they play in preventing bullying.
- Regularly canvas children and young people's views on the extent and nature of bullying.
- Ensure that all pupils know how to express worries and anxieties about bullying.
- Ensure that all pupils are aware of the range of sanctions which may be applied against those engaging in bullying.
- Involve pupils in anti- bullying campaigns in schools and embedded messages in the wider school curriculum.
- Utilise pupil voice in providing pupil led education and support.
- Publicise the details of internal support, as well as external helplines and websites.
- Offer support to pupils who have been bullied and to those who are bullying to address the problems they have.

Involvement and liaison with parents and carers.

We will:

- Take steps to involve parents and carers in developing policies and procedures by using parental feedback to inform decisions.
- Make sure that key information about bullying (including policies and named point of contact) is available to parents/carers in a variety of formats, including via the school website.
- Ensure all parents/carers know who to contact if they are worried about bullying and where to access independent advice.
- Work with all parents/carers and the local community to address issues beyond the school gates that give rise to bullying.
- Ensure that parents work with the school to role model positive behaviour for pupils, both on and offline.
- Ensure all parents/carers know about our complaints procedure and how to use it effectively, to raise concerns in an appropriate manner.

At Flushing, we are committed to early intervention with regards to all behaviour including bullying. We ensure that we communicate regularly with parents regarding their child's behaviour. This can range from a simple class dojo message or a dojo

point through to a meeting with the class teacher or a discussion at parents' evening. We involve parents to - ensure that school and home can work together supportively and that they can reinforce key messages and actions at home. - ensure that they feel confident that the school is taking any complaint about bullying seriously and is seeking to resolve the issue in a way that protects the child/ren involved.-We are committed to a strong partnership between the home and school. Part of that partnership involves a shared commitment between both staff and parents, as well as between parents themselves, to maintaining good working relationships so that we ensure a safe and positive school environment for all our children and their families. Where parents or carers may have a potential bullying-related concern relating to their child, we ask them to always work directly with the school. It is never appropriate for a parent/carer/adult to approach someone else's child, at any time, in order to discuss perceived or actual bullying or to chastise them in any way because of the actions of this child towards their own child. Such an approach to a child has the potential to be seen by other parents as a form of bullying itself or an assault on their child and can result in the incident escalating far beyond the original intention. We also ask and expect parents to refrain from informing other parents of events they believe have happened in school relating to their children, particularly where it is reported that those children may have been in trouble of some kind. There is a real likelihood that the information being shared will not reflect the context of the incident nor include the full facts. Other parents may feel they are being helpful but actually it frequently has the opposite effect. At Flushing, we are committed to early intervention with regards to all behaviour including bullying. We ensure that we communicate regularly with parents regarding their child's behaviour. This can range from a simple class dojo message or a dojo point through to a meeting with the class teacher or a discussion at parents' evening. We involve parents to - ensure that school and home can work together supportively and that they can reinforce key messages and actions at home. - ensure that they feel confident that the school is taking any complaint about bullying seriously and is seeking to resolve the issue in a way that protects the child/ren involved.- We are committed to a strong partnership between the home and school. Part of that partnership involves a shared commitment between both staff and parents, as well as between parents themselves, to maintaining good working relationships so that we ensure a safe and positive school environment for all our children and their families. Where parents or carers may have a potential bullying-related concern relating to their child, we ask them to always work directly with the school. It is never appropriate for a parent/carer/adult to approach someone else's child, at any time, in order to discuss perceived or actual bullying or to chastise them in any way because of the actions of this child towards their own child. Such an approach to a child has the potential to be seen by other parents as a form of bullying itself or an assault on their child and can result in the incident escalating far beyond the original intention. We also ask and expect parents to refrain from informing other parents of events they believe have happened in school relating to their children, particularly where it is reported that those children may have been in trouble of some kind. There is a real likelihood that the information being shared will not reflect the context of the incident nor include the full facts. Other parents may feel they are being helpful but actually it frequently has the opposite effect.